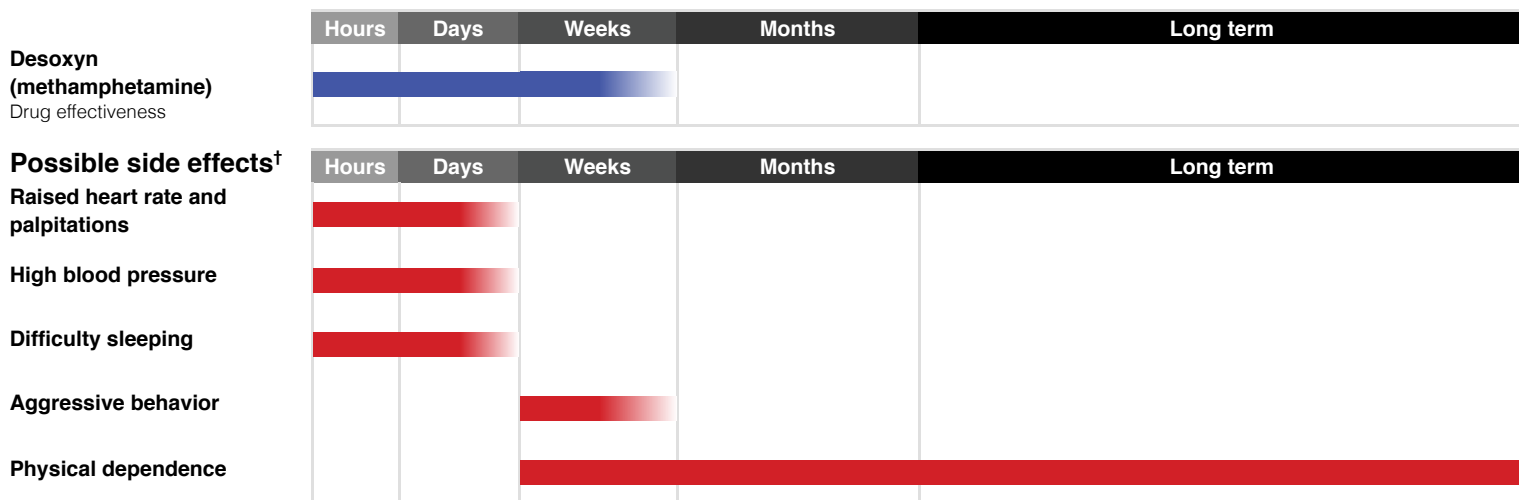


Desoxyn (methamphetamine) basics

Helps you focus and lose weight. Desoxyn (methamphetamine) effectively treats ADHD and obesity, but should not be used for long-term treatment.

What to expect when starting

Here's when people typically experience benefits as well as some possible side effects. Your experience may be different.



† Data on frequency of side effects is not available.

Tips from pharmacists

- Take Desoxyn (methamphetamine) early in the day and 30 minutes before eating because it can cause difficulty sleeping at night and lower your appetite.
- Desoxyn (methamphetamine) can affect your concentration and coordination, so don't drive or do anything that requires your full focus until you know how the medication affects you.
- Only use Desoxyn (methamphetamine) for a few weeks. If used longer, this medication can lose its effectiveness and be habit-forming.
- Speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medications, herbs, or dietary supplements as they may interact with Desoxyn (methamphetamine).
- Store Desoxyn (methamphetamine) in a locked area to prevent abuse by others.

Risks and warnings

The FDA has identified these as possible serious or life-threatening risks with this medication. Contact your doctor if you experience any of these.

Serious or life-threatening cardiovascular events

People taking Desoxyn (methamphetamine), even at usual doses, have had heart attacks, strokes, and sudden deaths. Anyone with a history of heart problems shouldn't take it, and people should be screened for heart problems before starting it. Watch out for unexplained fainting or chest pain that comes on with physical activity.

Abuse and dependence

Desoxyn (methamphetamine) has a risk of abuse and dependence. Take only what's prescribed by a doctor to minimize risks of abuse and overdose. People with a history of drug abuse shouldn't take it.

Aggressive behavior and psychosis

Taking a stimulant like Desoxyn (methamphetamine) can worsen or bring on new psychiatric symptoms such as hallucinations, delusional thinking, and mania. It may also worsen or bring on aggressive behavior or hostility.