

Ninlaro (ixazomib) basics

Treats multiple myeloma. Ninlaro (ixazomib) is an effective medication for multiple myeloma in people who have received at least one other therapy, but it can have serious side effects.

What to expect when starting

Here's when people typically experience benefits as well as some possible side effects. Your experience may be different.



* Placebo is a sugar pill with no medicinal benefit.

Tips from pharmacists

- Ninlaro (ixazomib) should be taken once a week for 3 out of 4 weeks on an empty stomach, at least 1 hour before or 2 hours after eating; swallow capsule whole.
- If a dose is delayed or missed, take it only if the next scheduled dose is at least 3 days away. Do not double a dose to make up for a missed dose. If vomiting occurs, do not repeat the dose.
- Avoid becoming pregnant during treatment with Ninlaro (ixazomib). You and your partner should use birth control during treatment and for 90 days after the final dose of Ninlaro (ixazomib).
- Contact your doctor right away if you experience a fever, unusual bleeding or bruising, black or tarry stools, or blood in the urine or stools.
- Certain medications can interfere with Ninlaro (ixazomib), so it is important your doctor is aware of all medications you are taking.
- Diarrhea, constipation, nausea, and vomiting are common with Ninlaro (ixazomib) and can in some cases be severe. If symptoms don't go away, talk to your doctor about medications you can take to help alleviate these side effects.

Risks and warnings

Contact your doctor if you experience any of these.

Liver damage

In rare cases, Ninlaro (ixazomib) can lead to liver injury. Talk to your doctor if you notice yellowing of skin or whites of your eyes or pain in your right abdominal area. Your doctor will check your liver regularly with blood tests.

Low platelet count

Rarely, Ninlaro (ixazomib) can lower the cells that help your body to stop bleeding. Talk to your doctor or go to the emergency room right away if you have unusual bleeding that doesn't go away.

Stomach problems

Diarrhea, constipation, nausea, and vomiting are common with Ninlaro (ixazomib) and can sometimes be severe. Talk to your doctor about medications and other steps you can take to treat these side effects.