

Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) basics

Treats certain eye inflammation and infections. Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) is a good choice for certain eye infections and conditions, but isn't for everyone and you can't use it for a long time.

What to expect when starting

Here's when people typically experience benefits as well as some possible side effects. Your experience may be different.



Tips from pharmacists

- Wash your hands before using Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin).
- Don't touch the dropper tip with any other surfaces.
- Touching the tip of the dropper to your eye could contaminate the bottle of medicine with bacteria. Use caution when administering Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin), and don't touch the tip to your eye.
- If you wear soft contact lenses, don't wear them while using Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin).
- After putting Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) into your eye, press one finger into the corner of your eye, and press lightly for about 1 minute.
- Don't use Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) if you have an infection caused by fungi or a virus, or are allergic to any of Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin)'s components.

Risks and warnings

Contact your doctor if you experience any of these.

Increased eye pressure

Since Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) contains a steroid, using Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) for longer than 10 days can cause your eye pressure to increase, possibly resulting in glaucoma, damage to the optic nerve, and/or vision problems. If you're using Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) for longer than 10 days, make sure you're making regular eye doctor appointments and having your eye pressures checked. If you notice changes in vision, talk to your doctor immediately.

Cataracts

Since Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) contains a steroid, it can put you at risk for developing cataracts if you use it for a long time. Make sure you're using Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) as your doctor has told you.

Delayed healing

If you're using Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) and have just had cataract surgery, your healing may be slower and can increase your risk of forming blebs. You can also be at risk for perforating your eye if you use Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin) with certain cornea thinning conditions. Make sure your doctor evaluates you before you use Zylet (loteprednol and tobramycin).